

The transition from DNOs to DSOs



What is a DSO?



We believe that at a high level (and building on existing responsibilities) DSOs should:

- continue to be responsible for operating efficient, coordinated and economical distribution networks,
 but make active use of new technologies, providers and solutions in doing so; and
- have an increased role in delivering an efficient, co-ordinated and economical wider system.

The transition from the traditional DNO role to DSOs is already underway. The LCNF and new RIIO framework have been geared to encourage DNOs towards this.

Some encouraging signs - DNOs are no longer just "passive" asset owners; they are increasingly adopting active network management approaches. But still early days.



What more needs to happen?

Immediate no regret actions

Further innovation by DNOs and embedding of active network management into their mainstream approach – needs a cultural shift

Plus we see there is further work needed by DNOs together with TOs and the SO:

Coordinated use of system resources for operations	Coordinated network planning
 Improved visibility (incl. data sharing), notification and coordination processes between DNOs/SO/TOs, identifying optimal cross-network solutions Provision of services between DSO/SO/TO 	 Formalised framework around how network planning will take into account wider interactions (eg clear coordination processes, common methodologies) Consider use of build/non-build solutions and use of optionality across transmission & distribution
 There is significant scope to address issues through market based approaches We expect industry to work together and come forward to discuss regulatory /commercial barriers they may encounter and how solutions could be developed 	



Potential further future changes

Illustrative models

Network planning: To support coordinated and efficient network planning

SO RECOMMENDATIONS

SO role in assessing options (at T & D) and providing recommendations to relevant parties on which likely to most economically meet system needs

SINGLE PARTY PLANNING

Single party responsible for planning the system – overall, at certain voltage levels or in specific areas

Operational coordination: To support optimal use of connected resources and network management approaches

